ProRox WM 950<sup>SA</sup> Wired mat



# **Dimensions**

Standard Width: 600 mm

| Thickness<br>mm | Length<br>mm |
|-----------------|--------------|
| 40              | 6000         |
| 50              | 5000         |
| 60              | 4000         |
| 70              | 4000         |
| 75              | 4000         |
| 80              | 3000         |
| 90              | 3000         |
| 100             | 3000         |

Standard Width: 1000 mm

| Thickness<br>mm | Length<br>mm |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| 40              | 6000         |  |  |  |  |
| 50              | 5000         |  |  |  |  |
| 60              | 4000         |  |  |  |  |
| 70              | 4000         |  |  |  |  |
| 75              | 2500         |  |  |  |  |
| 80              | 2500         |  |  |  |  |
| 90              | 2500         |  |  |  |  |
| 100             | 2500         |  |  |  |  |

Note: Above sizes are based upon the production capabilities of the Melaka manufacturing plant. For other manufacturing plant's production capabilities on sizes, please refer to your local sales repesentative

# Applications

ProRox WM 950<sup>sk</sup> is a lightly bonded stone wool mat stitched on galvanised wire mesh using galvanised wire. The wired mat is suitable for thermal and acoustic insulation of industrial applications reaching high temperatures, such as industrial pipe work, boiler walls, furnaces and smoke ducts.

# Compliance

ProRox WM 950<sup>sx</sup> Wired Mats comply with the requirements as set by internationally recognized standards like CINI 2.2.02 and ASTM C592 Type I, II and III.

# Advantages

- Suitable for high temperature application
- Flexible application
- Available in a wide range of thicknesses
- Suitable for use over stainless steel

# **Product properties**

|                             |                          | Standard                    |       |       |       |       |       |            |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------------|
|                             | Mean Temp (°C)           | 50                          | 100   | 150   | 200   | 250   | 300   | 15711 0005 |
| Thermal Conductivity        | λ (W/mK)                 | 0.038                       | 0.046 | 0.053 | 0.062 | 0.071 | 0.080 | ASTM C335  |
| Nominal Density             |                          | EN 1602                     |       |       |       |       |       |            |
| Maximum Service Temperature |                          | ASTM C411/C447              |       |       |       |       |       |            |
| Linear Shrinkage            | Less than 2 <sup>o</sup> | ASTM C356                   |       |       |       |       |       |            |
| Reaction to Fire            | Surfac<br>Flame spread=p | EN 13501-1<br>ASTM E84      |       |       |       |       |       |            |
| рН                          |                          | ASTM C871                   |       |       |       |       |       |            |
| Chloride Content            | Conforms to the s        | ASTM C871<br>ASTM C692/C871 |       |       |       |       |       |            |
| Moisture Absorption         | l                        | ASTM C1104/C1104N           |       |       |       |       |       |            |
| Water Absorption            | Less than 1 kg/m²        |                             |       |       |       |       |       | EN 1609    |



#### Note

All steel components exposed to a corrosive environment should be cleaned, degreased and coated with a protective finish.

# Installation guidelines

## Assembly

Cut the wired mat to length, so that the mat fits the pipe with slight pre-stressing. The closing joints must be staggered at an angle of at least 30 degrees to each other. The closing joints of the mats (lengthwise and circular) must be wired together using steel wire (min. 0.5 mm) or secured with mat hooks. Stainless steel pipes and pipes with a temperature of > 400°C should preferably be insulated with ProRox WM 950°A, in which both the mesh and the stitching wire is stainless steel. If the mats are assembled in multiple layers, both the lengthwise and circular joints must be staggered ('masonry bond').

## Support construction

Given the limited pressure resistance of wired mats, in most cases a support is required for the board cladding. As a guideline, assume that a support is required every 3 to 4 metres.

## Finishing

The insulation should be finished with a metal (e.g. aluminium) cladding. Where necessary, expansion joints are provided to cater for expansion of the pipes. Both the lengthwise and circular joints are fastened with sheet-metal screws: hard aluminium or stainless steel 1/2", 8/metre. Close the expansion joints with a steel tensioning wire. Connections to mountings, head and end caps etc. should be made watertight using a suitable sealant.

